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APPLICATION NO.			FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/644,687			Haim Aviv	87754-7500	6729
28765	7590	12/05/2005	EXAMINER		INER
WINSTON & STRAWN LLP			SOLOLA, TAOFIQ A		
1700 K STREET, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20006			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		1626			

DATE MAILED: 12/05/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/644,687	AVIV ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Taofiq A. Solola	1626
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was a Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 Or</u> This action is FINAL. 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under Exercise. 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-6 and 8-24 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-6, 8-24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		•
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Iddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	

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Claims 1-6, 8-24 are pending in this application.

Claim 7 is cancelled.

Request for Continued Examination

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.117(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/24/05 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-10, 15-16, 18-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kloog et al., US 5,284,867.

Kloog et al., disclose the instantly claimed compound (HU-211), essentially free of the (3R,4R) enantiomer, various pharmaceutical formulations (compositions) for various types of administrations (columns 4-5) and methods of use for treating neurological disorders. The formulation is emulphor or emulsions and may contain antioxidants, preferably the antioxidant is α -tocopherol. See example 3, column 12 and column 13, lines 1-5. Kloog et al., also disclose various % combinations of the emulsions in column 13, lines 5 to 23.

Applicant should note that the phraseology "essentially free of the (3R,4R) enantiomer" is deemed (3S,4S) enantiomer is in enantiomeric excess of at least 99.90 % over the (3R,4R) enantiomer absent a showing to the contrary.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6, 8-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kloog et al., US 5,284,867.

Applicant claims the (3S,4S) enantiomer of compound I having enantiomeric excess of at least 99.90 % over the (3R,4R) enantiomer, the composition and method of use for treating various neurological disorders. The composition comprise co solvents such as polyoxyl 35 castor oil from 30-80 % W/W, ethanol from 20-70 % W/W and 0.001-0.1 % w/w of edetic acid. Applicant also claims composition having 0.1-5 % W/W of α -tocopherol.

Determination of the scope and content of the prior art (MPEP ∋2141.01)

Kloog et al., teach the instantly claimed compound (HU-211), essentially free of the (3R,4R) enantiomer, various pharmaceutical formulations (compositions) for various types of administrations (columns 4-5) and methods of use for treating neurological disorders. The composition comprise co solvents such as ethanol, glycerol, PEG and PPG. Kloog et al., also teach composition having 0.02 % W/W of α -tocopherol. See columns 12-13.

Ascertainment of the difference between the prior art and the claims (MPEP €2141.02)

The difference between the instant invention and that of Kloog et al., is that applicant claims the instant compound having (3S,4S) enantiomeric excess of at least 99.90 % over the (3R,4R) enantiomer, while Kloog et al., teach the compound as essentially free of the (3R,4R) enantiomer. Also, applicant is claiming co solvents such as polyoxyl 35 castor oil from 30-80 %

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W/W, ethanol from 20-70 % W/W and 0.001-0.1 % W/W of edetic acid, while Kloog et al., do not teach polyoxyl 35 castor oil, edetic acid or % W/W of ethanol.

Finding of prima facie obviousness---rational and motivation (MPEP ≥2142.2413)

However, there is no evidence that the compound of Kloog et al., does not have (3S,4S) enantiomeric excess of at least 99.90 % over the (3R,4R) enantiomer. Even if the instantly claimed compound is substantially purer than the compound of Kloog et al., and there are new and novel properties, functions or utilities arising from the higher level of purity, such would not make the instant invention patentable over the prior art of Kloog et al. Something old does not become new upon discovery of new properties (e.g. purification level), functions or utilities. In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252; 195 USPQ 430 (CCPA, 1977). Also, the addition of an inert carrier, such as co-solvents, to a non-patentable compound is not patentable. *Ibid.* Claiming 20-70 % ethanol and 0.1-5 % a-tocopherol are obvious modifications available to the special preference of an artisan. They are mere optimization of variables, which are not patentable absent unexpected result due to each variable, which is different in kind and not merely in degree from that of the prior art. In re Aller, 22 F.2d 454,105 USPG 233 (CCPA, 1955).

Therefore, the instant invention is prima facie obvious from the teaching of Kloog et al. One of ordinary skill in the art would have known to claim compound of formula I as (3S,4S) enantiomeric excess of at least 99.90 % over the (3R,4R) enantiomer at the time this invention was made. The motivation is from the teaching of Kloog et al., that the compound is essentially free of the (3R,4R) enantiomer.

Response to Argument and Declaration

Based on the study and declaration by Avihai Yacovan, applicant contends that "the Mechoulan sample" shows adverse effect. This is not persuasive because the study is not a

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true side-by-side comparison. The Mechoulan sample does not represent a true Kloog et al sample. The difference between 99.4 and 99.9 percent is within experimental error and/or design.

This is an RCE of the same applicant's Application. All claims are drawn to the same invention and have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this RCE. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Telephone Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Taofiq A. Solola, PhD. JD., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0709.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Joseph McKane, can be reached on (571) 272-0699. The fax phone number for this Group is (571) 273-8300.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

TAOFIQ SOLOLA
PRIMARY EXAMINER
Group 1626

November 23, 2005